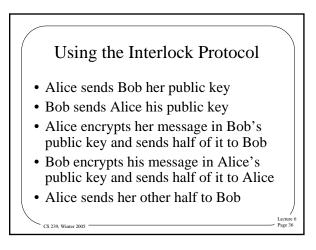


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Continuing the Interlock Protocol

- Bob puts Alice's two halves together and decrypts
- Bob sends the other half of his encrypted message to Alice

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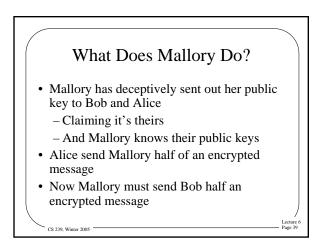
• Alice puts Bob's halves together and decrypts

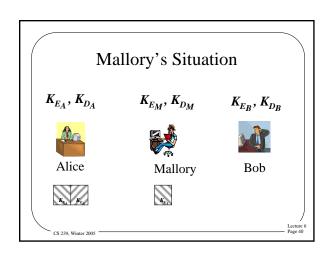
Why Does This Protocol Help?

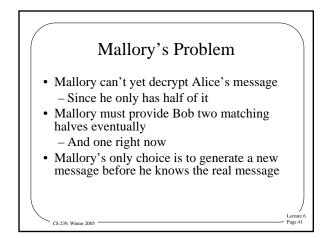
- Because the man in the middle must provide half of an encrypted message before he gets all of it
- Consider one part of the attack -

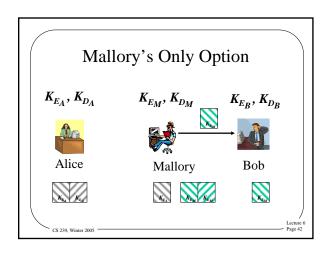
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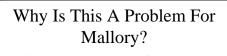
 Mallory wants to translate the message in Alice's public key into Mallory's public key











- Mallory must now spoof <u>proper</u> <u>contents</u> of Bob and Alice's conversation
- Without knowing the real contents until later
- Bob and Alice are likely to notice problems quickly

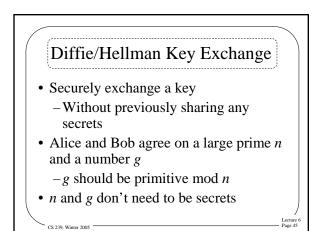
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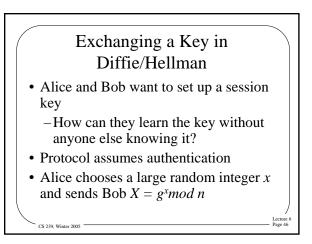
Is This Generally Feasible?

• Not really

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- Assumes Bob has a useful, unguessable message before Alice's message arrives
- Not really the way the world works
- If Mallory can guess Bob's message, he can play the standard man-in-the-middle game





Exchanging the Key, Con't

- Bob chooses a random large integer *y* and sends Alice *Y* = *g^y* mod *n*
- Alice computes $k = Y^x \mod n$
- Bob computes $k' = X^y \mod n$

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- k and k' are both equal to $g^{xy}mod n$
- But nobody else can compute *k* or *k*'

