Securing Your System CS 236 On-Line MS Program Networks and Systems Security Peter Reiher

Putting It All Together

- We've talked a lot about security principles
- And about security problems
- And about security mechanisms
- And about bad things that have really happened
- How do you put it all together to secure your system?

Things That Don't Work

- Just installing your machines and software and hoping for the best
- Simply buying a virus protection program and a firewall
- Running US government FISMA compliance procedures
 - Or any other paperwork-based method

So What Will Work?

- One promising approach is outlined by SANS Institute
- Based on experiences of highly qualified security administrators
- The 20 Critical Security Controls
 - A checklist of things to watch for and actions to take
 - -Technical, not policy or physical

The 20 Critical Security Controls

- Developed primarily by US government experts
- Put into use in a few government agencies
 - With 94% reduction in one measurement of security risk
- Rolling out to other government agencies
- But nothing in them is specific to US government
- Prioritized list

Nature of Controls

- General things to be careful about
 - Not specific bug fixes
- With more detailed advice on how to deal with each
 - Including easy things to do
 - And more advanced things if schedule/budget permits
- Mostly ongoing, not one-time

How The SANS List Is Organized

- For each control,
 - Why it's important
 - Quick win
 - Visibility/attribution
 - Configuration/Hygiene
 - Advanced
- With a little text on each
- Not all categories for all controls

1. Inventory of Devices on Your System

- Why is this important:
 - If you don't know what you have, how can you protect it?
 - Attackers look for everything in your environment
 - Any device you ignore can be a point of entry
 - New devices, experimental devices,
 "temporary" devices are often problems
 - Users often attach unauthorized devices

Quick Win

- Install automated tools that look for devices on your network
- Active tools
 - -Try to probe all your devices to see who's there
- Passive tools
 - Analyze network traffic to find undiscovered devices

2. Inventory of Software on Your System

- Why it's important:
 - Most attacks come through software installed on your system
 - Understanding what's there is critical to protecting it
 - -Important for removing unnecessary programs, patching, etc.

Quick Win

- Create a list of approved software for your systems
- Determine what you need/want to have running
- May be different for different classes of machines in your environment
 - Servers, clients, mobile machines, etc.

3. Secure Configurations for Hardware and Software

- Why it's important:
 - Most HW/SW default installations are highly insecure
 - So if you use that installation, you're in trouble the moment you add stuff
 - Also an issue with keeping configurations up to date

Quick Wins

- Create standard secure image/configuration for anything you use
- If possible, base it on configuration known to be good
 - − E.g., those released by NIST, NSA, etc.
- Validate these images periodically
- Securely store the images
- Run up-to-date versions of SW

4. Continuous Vulnerability Assessment and Remediation

- Why it's important:
 - -Modern attackers make use of newly discovered vulnerabilities quickly
 - So you need to scan for such
 vulnerabilities as soon as possible
 - And close them down when you find them

Quick Wins

- Run a vulnerability scanning tool against your systems
 - -At least weekly, daily is better
- Fix all flaws found in 48 hours or less
- Examine event logs to find attacks based on new vulnerabilities
 - -Also to verify you scanned for them

5. Malware Defenses

- Why it's important:
 - Malware on your system can do arbitrary harm
 - Malware is becoming more sophisticated, widespread, and dangerous

Quick Wins

- Run malware detection tools on everything and report results to central location
- Ensure signature-based tools get updates at least daily
- Don't allow autorun from flash drives, CD/DVD drives, etc.
- Automatically scan removable media on insertion
- Scan all email attachments before putting them in user mailboxes